

who are representative of the contemporary population beyond the age of compulsory school attendance and have earned a high school diploma;

(3) Require appropriate test-taking time to permit adequate sampling of the major content domains described in paragraph (a)(2) of this section;

(4) Have all forms (including short forms) comparable in reliability;

(5) If the test is revised, have new scales, scale values, and scores that are demonstrably comparable to the old scales, scale values, and scores; and

(6) Meet all primary and applicable conditional and secondary standards for test construction provided in the 1985 edition of the *Standards for Educational and Psychological Testing*, with amendments dated June 2, 1989, prepared by a joint committee of the American Educational Research Association, the American Psychological Association, and the National Council on Measurement in Education incorporated by reference in this section. Incorporation by reference of this document has been approved by the Director of the Office of the Federal Register pursuant to the Director's authority under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. The incorporated document is on file at the Department of Education, Office of Postsecondary Education, Room 4318, ROB-3, 600 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20202 and at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, N.W., Suite 700, Washington, DC. The standards may be obtained from the American Psychological Association, Inc., 750 First Street, N.W., Washington, DC 20026.

(7) Have publisher's guidelines for re-testing, including time between test-taking, be based on empirical analyses that are part of the studies of test reliability; and

(c) In order for a test to be approved under this subpart, a test publisher shall—

(1) Include in the test booklet or package—

(i) Clear, specific, and complete instructions for test administration, including information for test takers on the purpose, timing, and scoring of the test; and

(ii) Sample questions representative of the content and average difficulty of the test;

(2) Have two or more secure, equated, alternate forms of the test;

(3) Except as provided in §§ 668.148 and 668.149, provide tables of distributions of test scores which clearly indicate the mean score and standard deviation for high school graduates who have taken the test within three years prior to the date on that the test is submitted to the Secretary for approval under § 668.144;

(4) Norm the test with—

(i) Groups that were of sufficient size to produce defensible standard errors of the mean and were not disproportionately composed of any race or gender; and

(ii) A contemporary population representative of persons who are beyond the usual age of compulsory school attendance in the United States; and

(5) If test batteries include sub-tests assessing different verbal and/or quantitative skills, a distribution of test scores as described in paragraph (c)(3) of this section that allows the Secretary to prescribe either—

(i) A passing score for each sub-test; or

(ii) One composite passing score for verbal skills and one composite passing score for quantitative skills.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1840-0627)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1091(d))

[60 FR 61840, Dec. 1, 1995, as amended at 61 FR 31035, June 19, 1996]

§ 668.147 Passing scores.

Except as provided in §§ 668.143, 668.148 and 668.149, to demonstrate that a test taker has the ability to benefit from the education and training offered, the Secretary specifies that the passing score on each approved test is one standard deviation below the mean for students with high school diplomas who have taken the test within three years before the date on which the test is submitted to the Secretary for approval.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1091(d))